



राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश

(असाधारण)

हिमाचल प्रदेश राज्यशासन द्वारा प्रकाशित

शिमला, शनिवार, 29 अक्टूबर, 1977/7 कार्तिक, 1899

GOVERNMENT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH

CO-OPERATION DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

Simla-171002, the 25th October, 1977

No. Cop-F(7)-1/75.—In exercise of the powers conferred under section 3(1) of the Himachal Pradesh Co-operative Societies Act, 1968 (Act No. 3 of 1969), the Governor, Himachal Pradesh, is pleased to appoint District Co-operative and Supplies Officers, Bilaspur, Ohamba, Hamirpur, Kulu, Kangra, Dehra, Kinnaur, Lahaul and Spiti, Mandi, Simla, Solan, Sirmur and Una, as Assistant Registrars to assist the Registrar, Co-operative Societies, Himachal Pradesh, and is further pleased under section 3(2) of the said Act to confer on these officers the powers of the Registrar, Co-operative Societies in respect of Primary Co-operative Societies exercisable by him under section 37 of the Himachal Pradesh Co-operative Societies Act, 1968.

By order,
S. K. CHAUHAN,
Secretary.

NIRVACHAN VIBHAG

NOTIFICATION

Simla-171002, the 25th October, 1977

No. 4-2/75-Elec. II.—Whereas the election of Shri Hem Raj s/o Ram Nath, resident of Nurpur, District Kangra as a member of Municipal Committee, Nurpur from Ward No. 6 was challenged by Shri Ram Chand s/o Duni Chand, resident of Nurpur, District Kangra by an election petition and that a Commission was appointed *vide* this department's notification No. 4-2/75-Elec., dated the 25th November, 1977 to hold an enquiry into the allegations made therein;

And whereas, the Commission *vide* its report dated the 23rd September, 1977 has dismissed the petition as withdrawn by the petitioner, the Governor, Himachal Pradesh, after careful consideration of the recommendations of the said Commission, has agreed with the judgement;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred under section 270 of the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1968, the Governor, Himachal Pradesh is pleased to declare Shri Hem Raj s/o Ram Nath as a duly elected member to the Municipal Committee, Nurpur.

Both the parties shall bear their own costs.

H. S. DUBEY,
Sachiv,
to the Government of Himachal Pradesh.

FOOD AND SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT
NOTIFICATION

Simla-171002, the 27th October, 1977

No. FDS. A(3)-8/77.—The Orders called the Pulses and Edible Oils (Storage Control) Orders, 1977 and Mustard Oil (Price Control) Order, 1977 issued by the Central Government *vide* S.O. No. 701(E), and S.O. 702(E); both dated 30th September, 1977 published in the Extra-ordinary Gazette of India Part-II section 3, sub-section 2 are hereby republished in the Himachal Pradesh Rajpatra for the information of general public.

S. M. KANWAR,
Secretary.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION
ORDERS

New Delhi, the 30th September, 1977

No. S. O. 701(E).—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that it is necessary and expedient so to do for maintaining supplies, and for securing equitable distribution and availability at fair prices, of pulses, and edible oils;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby makes the following Order, namely:—

1. Short title, extent and commencement.—(1) This Order may be called the Pulses and Edible Oils (Storage Control) Order, 1977,

(2) It extends to the whole of India.

(3) Clauses 3 and 5 of this Order shall come into force on the 10th day of October, 1977 and the remaining provisions of this Order shall come into force at once.

2. *Definitions*.—In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires;—

- (a) “dealer” means a person engaged in the business of the purchase, sale or storage for sale, of any pulses or edible oil;
- (b) “producer” means a person carrying on the business of milling any of the pulses or expelling or extracting any edible oil;
- (c) “pulses” means urd, moong, arhar, masoor, lobia, raj-maha or any other dal whether whole or split with or without husk;
- (d) “retailer” means a dealer in pulses or in edible oils who is not a wholesaler;
- (e) “State Order” means any Order issued by any State Government or a Union Territory Administration under the provisions of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955) and for the time being in force;
- (f) “wholesaler” means a dealer in pulses or in edible oils who sells these commodities to other dealers or to bulk consumers.

3. *Licensing of dealers*.—Notwithstanding anything contained in any State Order, after the expiration of a period of fifteen days from the coming into force of this clause, no person shall carry on business as a dealer in pulses or in edible oils except under and in accordance with the terms and conditions of a licence granted under a State Order if the stocks of pulses or edible oils in his possession exceed the quantities specified below:—

Stock limit

- (i) Pulses .. 5 quintals for all pulses taken together
- (ii) Edible Oil including .. 5 quintals for all edible oils including vanaspati
Vanaspati. taken together.

4. *Restrictions on possession of pulses and edible oil*.—No dealer shall, after a period of fifteen days from the coming into force of this clause, either by himself or by any person on his behalf, store or have in his possession at any time any pulses or edible oils in excess of the quantities specified below:—

Stock limits in quintals in the case of

	<i>Wholesaler</i>	<i>Retailer</i>
(i) Pulses	500 (for all pulses taken together)	25 (for all pulses taken together)
(ii) Edible Oils including Vanaspati.	150 (for vanaspati only)	5 (for vanaspati only)
	200 (for all edible oils excluding vanaspati taken together).	5 (for all edible oils, excluding vanaspati taken together).

5. *Returns*.—Every dealer referred to in clause 3, and every producer who holds stocks of pulses or edible oils in excess of the limits specified for a wholesaler in clause 4, shall furnish a fortnightly return to such authority and in such manner as may be specified by the State Government in this behalf by Notification in the Official Gazette in respect of the stocks of pulses and edible oils including vanaspati held by him,

6. *State Orders not to apply.*—The provisions of any State Orders relating to the storage of any pulses or edible oils shall not apply in respect of any matter for which provisions has been specifically made in this order.

7. *Order not to apply in certain cases.*—Nothing in this Order shall apply;—

- (i) to a corporation or company owned or controlled by the Central Government or a State Government, or
- (ii) to any Central level or State level co-operative society, engaged in the production, procurement, purchase or distribution of pulses or edible oils.

New Delhi, the 30th September, 1977

No. S.O.702(E).—WHEREAS the Central Government is of opinion that it is necessary and expedient so to do for securing equitable distribution and availability at fair prices of mustard oil;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby makes the following orders namely:—

1. *Short title, extent and commencement.*—(1) This Order may be called the Mustard Oil (Price Control, Order, 1977.

(2) It extends to the whole of India.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Definition.*—In this Order, “dealer” means a person engaged in the business of the purchase, sale or storage for sale of mustard oil.

3. *Price at which a dealer may sell.*—No dealer shall, either by himself or by any person on his behalf, sell or offer to sell any mustard oil at a retail price exceeding Rs. 10 per kilogram, exclusive of the cost of container but inclusive of taxes.

File No.26(16)/77-ECRI.

T. BALAKRISHNAN,
Joint Secretary
to the Government of India.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

Simla, 171002, the 25th October, 1977

No. 17-2/65-Rev.-I.—In exercise of powers conferred upon him by section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899,) as in force in the State of Himachal Pradesh and all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor, Himachal Pradesh is pleased to remit the Stamp Duty with effect from 19-5-1977, under Article 4 (Affidavits etc.) of Schedule I-A to the Stamp Act, in so far as such affidavits are

filed or required to be filed before the following Commissions of Enquiry appointed under the Commissions of Enquiry Act, 1952:—

1. Commission of Inquiry to inquire into excesses, malpractices and allegations of misuse of official position etc. during the period of Emergency [S. No. 374(F) dated 28-5-1977].
2. Commission of Inquiry on Maruti Affairs [S.No.375(F), dated 30-5-1977].
3. Commission of Inquiry to go into the Nagarwala case; [S.No. 889(F) dated 9-6-1977].
4. Commission of Inquiry to go into the allegations against Shri Bansi Lal [S. No. 393(F), dated 14-6-1977].
5. Commission of Inquiry to inquire into the allegations against the Chief Minister of Karnataka, contained in the Memorandum dated 11-4-1977 received from some M.L.As. of Karnataka addressed to the Prime Minister [No. 365 (F) dated 23-5-1977].
6. Commission of Inquiry to inquire into the allegations contained in the Memorandum dated 6-4-1977 received from some members of the Andhra Pradesh State Legislature on corrupt practices by the Chief Minister of Andhra Pradesh and some members of his Council of Ministers [S. O. No. 360 (F) dated 19-5-77].

By order,
H. S. DUBEY,
Secretary

to the Government of Himachal Pradesh.

